Numb. 8304.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday February 21. to Saturday February 25. 1743.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For a General FAST.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS We have been obliged, for vindicating the Honour of our Crown, ſecuring the Trade and Navigation of our Subjects, and defending our undoubted Right, to declare War againſt the King of Spain, and are determined to proſecute the ſame with the utmoſt Vigour, till, by the Bleſſing of God on our Arms, we ſhall obtain that Satisfaction and Security, which we may hope from the Juſtice of our Cauſe; We therefore, putting our Truſt in the Divine Aſſiſtance, have reſolved, and do, by and with the Advice of our Privy Council, hereby command, That a publick Faſt and Humiliation be obſerved throughout that Part of our Kingdom of Great Britain called England, our Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon Wedneſday the Eleventh Day of April next; that ſo, both we and our People may humble ourſelves before Almighty God, in order to obtain Pardon for our Sins; and may, in moſt devout and ſolemn Manner, ſend our Prayers and Supplications to the Divine Majeſty, for averting thoſe heavy Judgments, which our manifold Sins and Provocations have moſt juſtly deſerved; and imploring his Bleſſing and Aſſiſtance on our Arms, and for reſtoring and perpetuating Peace, Safety, and Proſperity to us, and our Kingdoms. And we do ſtrictly charge and command, That the ſaid publick Faſt be reverently and devoutly obſerved by all our loving Subjects in England, our Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and would avoid his Wrath and Indignation; and upon Pain of ſuch Puniſhment, as we may juſtly inflict on all ſuch as contemn and neglect the Performance of ſo religious and neceſſary a Duty. And for the better and more orderly ſolemnizing the ſame, we have given Directions to the Moſt Reverend the Archbiſhops, and the Right Reverend the Biſhops of England, to compoſe a Form of Prayer ſuitable to this Occaſion, to be uſed in all Churches, Chapels, and Places of publick Worſhip; and to take Care the ſame be timely diſperſed throughout their reſpective Dioceſes.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, *the Twentieth Day of* February 1743, *in the Seventeenth Year of Our Reign.*

God ſave the King.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION

For a general FAST.

GEORGE R.

WHereas We have been obliged, for vindicating the Honour of Our Crown, ſecuring the Trade and Navigation of our Subjects, and defending our undoubted Rights, to declare War againſt the King of Spain; and are determined to proſecute the ſame with the utmoſt Vigour, till, by the Bleſſing of God on our Arms, we ſhall obtain that Satisfaction and Security, which we may hope from the Juſtice of our Cauſe; We therefore, putting our Truſt in the Divine Aſſiſtance, have reſolved, and do, by and with the Advice of our Privy Council, hereby command, That a publick Faſt and Humiliation be obſerved throughout that Part of our Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland, upon Wedneſday the Eleventh Day of April next; that ſo both we and our People may humble ourſelves before Almighty God, in order to obtain Pardon of our Sins; and may in the moſt devout and ſolemn Manner ſend our

our Prayers and Supplications to the Divine Majeſty, for averting thoſe heavy Judgements, which our manifold Sins and Provocations have moſt juſtly deſerved, and imploring his Bleſſing and Aſſiſtance on our Arms, and for reſtoring and perpetuating Peace, Safety, and Proſperity to us and our Kingdoms: And we do ſtrictly charge and command, that the ſaid publick Faſt be reverently and devoutly obſerved by all our loving Subjects in Scotland, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and would avoid his Wrath and Indignation; and upon Pain of ſuch Puniſhment, as we may juſtly inflict on all ſuch as contemn and neglect the Performance of ſo religious and neceſſary a Duty. Our Will is therefore, and we charge, that incontinent this our Proclamation ſeen, ye paſs to the Market Croſs of Edinburgh, and all other Places needful, and there, in our Name and Authority, make Publication hereof, that none pretend Ignorance: And our Will and Pleaſure is, That our Sollicitor do cauſe printed Copies hereof to be ſent to the Sheriffs of the ſeveral Shires, Stewarts of Stewartries, and Bailiffs of Regalities, and their Clerks, whom we ordain to ſee the ſame publiſhed; and we appoint them to ſend Doubles hereof to the ſeveral Paroch Kirks within their Bounds, that upon the Lord's Day immediately preceding the Day abovementioned, the ſame may be publiſhed and read from the Pulpits, immediately after Divine Service.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, *the Twentieth Day of* February, 1743, *and in the Seventeenth Year of our Reign.*

God ſave the King.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION,

For putting the Laws in Execution againſt Papiſts and Non-Jurors, and for commanding all Papiſts, and reputed Papiſts, to depart from the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and from within Ten Miles of the ſame; and for confining Papiſts, and reputed Papiſts, to their Habitations; and for putting in Execution the Laws againſt Riots and Rioters.

GEORGE R.

WHereas we have received undoubted Intelligence of the Arrival of the Pretender's eldeſt Son in France, and that Preparations are making at Dunkirk for an Invaſion of this Kingdom, in Concert with diſaffected Perſons here, which Invaſion is to be ſupported by the French Squadron that has been ſome Time Cruizing in the Channel. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the firſt Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for the better ſecuring the Government, by diſarming Papiſts and reputed Papiſts, It was enacted, That it ſhould and might be lawful for any two or more Juſtices of the Peace, who ſhould know or ſuſpect any Perſon to be a Papiſt, or ſhould be informed that any Perſon was, or was ſuſpected to be a Papiſt, to tender, and they were thereby authorized and required forthwith to tender to ſuch Perſon ſo known or ſuſpected to be a Papiſt, the Declaration ſet down and expreſſed in an Act of Parliament made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the more effectual preſerving the King's Perſon and Government, by diſabling Papiſts from ſitting in either Houſe of Parliament, to be by him made, repeated, and ſubſcribed; and if ſuch Perſon ſo required ſhould refuſe to make, repeat, and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, or refuſe, or forbear to appear before the ſaid Juſtices, for the making, repeating and ſubſcribing thereof, on Notice to him given, or left at his uſual Place of Abode, by any Perſons authorized in that Behalf, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the ſaid two Juſtices, he was in and by that Act prohibited to have or keep in his Houſe, or elſewhere, or in the Poſſeſſion of any other Perſon to his Uſe, or at his Diſpoſition, any Arms, Weapons, Gunpowder, or Ammunition, other than ſuch neceſſary Weapons as ſhould be allowed to him by Order of the Juſtices of the Peace at a General Quarter Seſſions, for the Defence of his Houſe or Perſon; and that any two or more Juſtices of the Peace, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, by virtue of that Act, might authorize and impower any Perſon or Perſons in the Day Time, with the Aſſiſtance of the Conſtable, or his Deputy, or the Tythingman or Headborough where the Search ſhould be, to ſearch for all Arms, Weapons, Gun-powder, or Ammunition which ſhould be in the Houſe, Cuſtody, or Poſſeſſion of any ſuch Papiſt or reputed Papiſt, and ſeize the ſame for the Uſe of their ſaid late Majeſties, and their Succeſſors. And further, that no Papiſt, or reputed Papiſt, ſo refuſing or making Default, ſhould, or might have or keep in his own Poſſeſſion, or in the Poſſeſſion of any other Perſon to his Uſe or at his Diſpoſition, any Horſe or Horſes which ſhould be of the Value of Five Pounds to be ſold: And that any two or more Juſtices of the Peace, by Warrant under their Hands, and Seals might and ſhould authorize any Perſon or Perſons, with ſuch Aſſiſtance as aforeſaid, where the Search ſhould be, to ſearch for and ſeize, for the Uſe of their ſaid late Majeſties and their Succeſſors, all ſuch Horſe and Horſes which ſhould be above the Value of five Pounds to be ſold. And whereas by another Act made in the ſaid firſt Year of the Reign of their ſaid late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for the abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths, all Perſons who ſhould refuſe to take the Oaths therein directed to be taken after the

the Tenders thereby directed to be made, and ſhould refuſe to make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, in the ſaid Act of the 30th Year of the ſaid late King Charles the IId. ſhould ſuffer all Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, as a Popiſh Recuſant Convict, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever. And whereas in and by an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of our Royal Father, His late Majeſty King George the Firſt, intituled, An Act for the further Security of his Majeſty's Perſon and Government, and the Succeſſion of the Crown, in the Heirs of the late Princeſs Sophia, being Proteſtants, and for extinguiſhing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and ſecret Abettors, It is enacted, That it ſhould and might be lawful to and for two and more Juſtices of the Peace, or any other Perſon or Perſons, who ſhould be by His Majeſty for that Purpoſe ſpecially appointed, by Order in the Privy Council, or by Commiſſion under the Great Seal, to adminiſter and tender the Oaths in the ſaid Act appointed to be taken, to any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever whom they ſhould or might ſuſpect to be dangerous or diſaffected to his Majeſty or his Government; and if any Perſon or Perſons, to whom the ſaid Oaths ſhould be ſo tendred, ſhould neglect or refuſe to take the ſame, ſuch Juſtices, or any other Perſon or Perſons ſpecially to be appointed as aforeſaid, tendring the ſaid Oaths, ſhould certify the Refuſal thereof to the next Quarter Seſſions of the County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town-Corporate or Place in which ſuch Refuſal ſhould be made, and the ſaid Refuſal ſhould be recorded amongſt the Rolls of that Seſſions, and ſhould be from thence certified by the Clerk of the Peace of ſuch County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town Corporate or Place into our Court of Chancery or Kings-Bench, Court of Seſſions, or Court of Juſticiary, in Scotland, there to be recorded amongſt the Rolls of the ſaid Courts, in a Roll or Rolls there to be provided and kept for that Purpoſe only; and that every Perſon ſo neglecting or refuſing to take the ſaid Oaths ſhould be from the Time of his Neglect or Refuſal, taken, eſteemed and adjudged a Popiſh Recuſant Convict, and as ſuch to forfeit and be proceeded againſt. And to the Intent and Purpoſe that no Perſon might avoid taking the ſeveral Oaths in the ſaid Act particularly mentioned upon any Pretence whatſoever, It is thereby further enacted, That it ſhould and might be lawful to and for two or more Juſtices of Peace, or any other ſuch Perſon or Perſons, who ſhould be by his Majeſty for that Purpoſe ſpecially appointed by order in the Privy Council, or by Commiſſion under the Great Seal, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, to ſummon any Perſon to appear before them at a certain Day and Time therein to be appointed, to take the ſaid Oaths; which ſaid Summons ſhould be ſerved upon ſuch Perſon, or left at his Dwelling-houſe or uſual Place of Abode, with one of the Family there; and if ſuch Perſon who ſhould be ſo ſummoned ſhould neglect or refuſe to appear according to ſuch Summons, that then, upon due Proof to be made upon Oath of the ſerving the ſaid Summons (which Oath ſuch Juſtices, or any other Perſon or Perſons ſpecially to be appointed as aforeſaid, are by the ſaid Act enabled to adminiſter) ſuch Juſtices, or any other Perſon or Perſons ſpecially to be appointed as aforeſaid, are thereby required to certify the ſame to the next General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be holden for ſuch County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town Corporate, or Place, there to be entred upon the Rolls of the ſaid Seſſions. And if ſuch Perſon who ſhould be ſo ſummoned to take the ſaid Oaths as aforeſaid, ſhould neglect or refuſe to appear and take the ſaid Oaths at the ſaid General Quarter Seſſions, the Names of the Perſons ſo certified being publickly read at the firſt Meeting of the ſaid Seſſions, that then and in ſuch Caſe, ſuch Perſon ſhould be taken, eſteemed and adjudged a Popiſh Recuſant Convict, and as ſuch to forfeit and be proceeded againſt, as if ſuch Perſon had actually refuſed to take the ſaid Oaths, and the ſame ſhould be from thence certified by the Clerk of the Peace of ſuch County, Riding, Liberty, City, Borough, Town Corporate, or Place, into the High Court of Chancery or King's Bench, Court of Seſſion or Court of Juſticiary in Scotland, there to be recorded amongſt the Rolls of the ſaid Court, in a Roll or Rolls there to be provided and kept for that Purpoſe only. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Thirty-fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, every Popiſh Recuſant Convict is to repair to the Place of his uſual Dwelling or Abode, and not at any Time to remove above five Miles from thence, unleſs thereunto licenſed according to the Direction of that Act, or of a ſubſequent Act made in the third Year of the Reign of the late King James the Firſt. And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the third Year of the late King James the Firſt, intituled, An Act to prevent and avoid Dangers which may grow by Popiſh Recuſants, it is provided, That all Popiſh Recuſants indicted or convicted of Recuſancy, ſhould depart from the City of London, and Ten Miles Compaſs of the ſame, under certain Penalties therein mentioned. And whereas by one other Act of Parliament made in the firſt Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for the amoving Papiſts and reputed Papiſts from the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Ten Miles Diſtance from the ſame, it is enacted, That for the better diſcovering and amoving all Papiſts and reputed Papiſts out of the ſaid Cities, and Ten Miles of the ſame, it ſhould and might be lawful, and it is thereby required, that the Lord Mayor for the Time

Time being, and every Juſtice of the Peace of the City of London, and for the City and Liberties of Weſtminſter, and Borough of Southwark, and of the Counties of Middleſex, Surrey, Kent and Eſſex, within their reſpective Counties, Buroughs and Limits, ſhould from Time to Time cauſe to be arreſted and brought before him, every Perſon or Perſons (not being a Merchant Foreigner, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Act excepts) within the ſaid Cities, or within Ten Miles of the ſame, being Papiſts or reputed to be Papiſts, and tender unto him the Declaration mentioned in the Statute made in the Thirtieth Year of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the more effectual Preſerving the King's Perſon and Government, by diſabling Papiſts from ſitting in either Houſe of Parliament: And in Caſe ſuch Perſon, upon ſuch Tender, ſhould refuſe to repeat, make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, and ſhould, after ſuch Refuſal, remain, continue, or be within the ſaid City or Cities, or Ten Miles Diſtance from the ſame; that in every ſuch Caſe, he or ſhe ſhould forfeit and ſuffer as a Popiſh Recuſant Convict by the Laws heretofore eſtabliſhed, ſhould or might ſuffer or forfeit; and that every Juſtice of the Peace ſhould certify all ſuch Subſcriptions, and the Names of all Perſons refuſing to ſubſcribe, upon Tender as aforeſaid, under his Hand and Seal, into the Court of King's Bench the next Term, or at the next Quarter Seſſions, where ſuch Taking, Subſcribing, or Refuſal ſhould happen. Now for the Preſervation of the Publick Peace, and for the better Defeating the malicious and wicked Deſigns of our Enemies, we have thought fit, by and with the Advice of our Privy Council, to iſſue this our Royal Proclamation, hereby commanding and requiring all our Juſtices of the Peace, and all others whom it may concern, that they do, with the utmoſt Diligence and Application, put the ſaid Laws ſtrictly in Execution againſt Papiſts and Non-Jurors; and that they tender to them the ſaid Oaths and Declaration, and take from the Refuſers thereof their Horſes and Arms; and that they do alſo put ſtrictly in Execution all other Laws made againſt Papiſts, reputed Papiſts and Non-Jurors: And the reſpective Juſtices of the Peace, and others concerned to execute our Commands herein, are hereby required to certify an Account of what they ſhall do, purſuant to the ſame, to us in our Privy Council. And we do hereby further ſtrictly charge and command all Papiſts and reputed Papiſts (except Merchant Foreigners and ſuch other Perſons as in the ſaid before-mentioned Act are excepted) on or before Friday the Second Day of March next, to depart out of the ſaid Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Burough of Southwark, and from all Places within Ten Miles Diſtance from the ſame. And we do hereby ſtrictly charge and command the Lord Mayor of London, and all Juſtices of the Peace of our Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and of our ſaid Counties of Middleſex, Surrey, Kent and Eſſex, that they do make diligent Search and Enquiry for, and with all Vigour proceed according to the ſaid recited Act of Parliament, againſt all and every Papiſt and reputed Papiſt, who ſhall be found within the ſaid Cities of London and Weſtminſter and Borough of Southwark, and within Ten Miles Diſtance of the ſame, after the ſaid Second Day of March next, contrary to the Tenor of the ſaid Act, and the Purport of this our Royal Proclamation. And we do further ſtrictly charge and command, that immediately after the ſaid Second Day of March next, the Conſtables, Church-wardens, and other Officers within the ſaid Cities and Places, do go from Houſe to Houſe in their ſeveral Pariſhes, Hamlets, Conſtabularies and Diviſions reſpectively, and there take an Account of the Names and Sirnames of all ſuch Perſons as are Papiſts or Popiſh Recuſants, or reputed ſo to be, as well Houſeholders as Lodgers or Servants, and to carry a Liſt of their Names to the two next Juſtices of the Peace, who are hereby required to ſend for and proceed as aforeſaid againſt all ſuch of them as as are not Merchant Foreigners, or other the Perſons in the ſaid Act excepted. And we do further ſtrictly charge and command all Popiſh Recuſants, Natives and Denizens, who ſhall be above the Age of Sixteen Years, that they do, according to the Statutes in that Behalf made, repair to their reſpective Places of Abode, and do not thence remove or paſs above the Diſtance of Five Miles, unleſs thereto licenced according to Law. And we do hereby farther ſtrictly charge and command all our Judges and Juſtices of the Peace, and other Magiſtrates, that they do uſe their utmoſt Endeavours to prevent and ſuppreſs all Riots, Tumults and unlawful Aſſemblies, and to put in due and ſtrict Execution all Laws made for preventing, or for the more ſpeedy and effectual ſuppreſſing and puniſhing the ſame, and that all our loving Subjects be aiding and aſſiſting therein.

Given at our Court at St. James's, *the Twenty Fourth Day of* February, *One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty three, in the Seventeenth Year of our Reign.*

God ſave the King.

St. James's, Feb. 21.

This Day the Commiſſioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London waited on his Majeſty with the following Addreſs.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord-Mayor and the reſt of your Majeſty's Commiſſioners of Lieutenancy for your City of London.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, and the reſt of

of your Majeſty's Commiſſioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London, having with Concern heard, what your Majeſty hath been graciouſly pleaſed to communicate to your Parliament, — that the eldeſt Son of the Pretender to your Crown is arrived in France, and that Preparations are making there to invade theſe Kingdoms, in Concert with diſaffected Perſons here, — cannot omit taking this earlieſt Opportunity to expreſs our utmoſt Abhorrence of and Indignation at ſo bold and unnatural an Attempt.

That the open and profeſſed Enemies to the Liberties of Mankind in General, and to the Proteſtant Religion in particular; — That a Nation which has been ſo long labouring to raiſe its Grandeur, by deſtroying the Ballance of Power in Europe; —That a Nation which has received ſuch a Check to its ambitious Views, by the Defeat it lately met with in Germany, owing under God to your Majeſty's perſonal Courage and Preſence, and the Bravery of your Troops: — That ſuch a Nation ſhould ſtudy, by every inſidious Art, to diſturb your Majeſty in the peaceable Poſſeſſion of your Kingdoms, is not to be wondered at.

But that Perſons protected by your Majeſty's moſt mild and auſpicious Government, and enjoying every Liberty of the greateſt and moſt free People: That ſuch can have joined in Meaſures ſo deſtructive of both, ſhews not only the ſtrongeſt Infatuation, but a malicious Deſire of Confuſion.

We your Majeſty's moſt loyal Commiſſioners of Lieutenancy, do therefore moſt humbly preſume to approach your Majeſty's Throne, to aſſure your Majeſty of our utmoſt Zeal and Affection for your Royal Perſon and Family. —— And that we will, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, ſupport your Majeſty againſt all your open and concealed Enemies, and endeavour, by a faithful and vigorous Diſcharge of the Truſt repoſed in us, to render that Government eaſy to your Majeſty, on which ſo intirely depend the Religion, Laws and Liberties of theſe yet happy Kingdoms.

They were received very graciouſly; all had the Honour to kiſs his Majeſty's Hand; and his Majeſty was pleaſed to confer the Honour of Knighthood on Charles Eggleton, William Smith, and James Creed, Eſqs. three of the ſaid Commiſſioners.

St. James's, February 23.

This Day the following Addreſs of the Lord High Steward, Deputy Steward, High Bailiff, Chief Burgeſſes, Burgeſſes, High Conſtable, and Aſſiſtant Burgeſſes of the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, was preſented to his Majeſty; who was pleaſed to receive the ſame very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The Humble Addreſs of the Lord High Steward, Deputy Steward, High Bailiff, Chief Burgeſſes, Burgeſſes, High Conſtable, and Aſſiſtant Burgeſſes of the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Lord High Steward, Deputy Steward, High Bailiff, Chief Burgeſſes, Burgeſſes, High Conſtable and Aſſiſtant Burgeſſes of your ancient City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, humbly beg Leave to approach your Majeſty with the moſt ſincere Aſſurances of our inviolable Attachment to your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and to declare our thorough Abhorrence of the Deſigns carrying on by the Enemies of your Majeſty, and of the Peace of Europe, in Favour of the Pretender to your Crown.

We are truly ſenſible that the Exerciſe of our Religion, and the Enjoyment of our Liberty and Property, are Bleſſings which do entirely depend on the Continuance of your Majeſty and your illuſtrious Houſe in the Government of theſe Kingdoms: And as we are bound by the ſtrongeſt Ties of Duty, Intereſt and Inclination, we could not omit this early Opportunity to teſtify, in this publick Manner, how much we deteſt any Attempts to diſturb the Peace of your Majeſty's Reign; and we make no Doubt, that by the Bleſſing of the Almighty upon your Arms, the Fidelity of your Subjects, and the known Courage and Vigilance of your Majeſty, ſuch Attempts will be utterly defeated.

Permit us, Great Sir, on this Occaſion, to offer to your Majeſty this Demonſtration of our unſhaken Loyalty and Zeal, and to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are ready and reſolved to hazard our Lives, and every Thing that is dear and valuable to us, to defend and ſupport your Majeſty, and to fruſtrate the wicked Deſigns of all your Enemies.

That your Majeſty's Reign over us may be long and proſperous, and that we may be ever bleſſed with one of your Royal Houſe to ſit upon the Throne of theſe Kingdoms, are the ardent Prayers of us your Majeſty's moſt dutiful, faithful and obedient Subjects.

Given under our Common Seal at the Town Court Houſe in Weſtminſter, this 23d Day of February, 1743.

St. James's, February 24.

This Day the following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and Aſſiſtants of the City of Rocheſter, in Common Council aſſembled, was preſented to his Majeſty by David Polhill, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, and

David Wareham, Esq; Mayor of the said City, who were introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Dunmore, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed Chamber in Waiting; and had the Honour to kiss his Majesty's Hand.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Assistants of the City of Rochester, in Common Council assembled.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen and Assistants of the City of Rochester in Common Council assembled, in the humblest Manner beg your Majesty's Permission to appear thus among the most zealous of our Fellow Subjects, with the utmost Detestation of all Designs that may any where be formed against your Majesty's most sacred Person, your Family and Government.

We are truly sensible of the Happiness we enjoy under your Majesty's Protection, and determined to oppose every Disturber of this Happiness; every Pretender to your Crown, and every Enemy to the Religion, Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom, either foreign or domestick, at the Expence of all that is most dear to us.

Of this Resolution we beg leave to give your Majesty the most faithful Assurances, with a Confidence and Warmth, animated by a just Abhorrence of the Indignity offered both to our King and to our Country, the Constitution whereof, together with the Protestant Succession to the British Empire, established in your Majesty's Royal House, will, we hope, be perpetuated to all future Generations.

In Witness whereof, we have caused the Common Seal of the said City to be hereunto affixed the 22d Day of February 1743.

St. *James's, February* 24.

This Day the following Addresses were presented to his Majesty, who was pleased to receive the same very graciously.

To the King's most excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants of the Tower Hamlets.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants of the Tower Hamlets, beg leave to approach your Throne, with the most grateful Sense of the inestimable Blessings your Subjects enjoy, under your Majesty's auspicious Reign; and to express our just Abhorrence of every Design formed to invade your Majesty's Kingdoms, in Favour of a Popish Pretender. So great an Indignity upon your Majesty's Person, Family and Government, so high an Insult to the whole Kingdom, and so perfidious an Attempt to disturb the Happiness of it, inspire us with Indignation and Resentment.

We are very sensible the Protestant Succession in your Majesty and your Royal House, can alone secure our Religion, Laws, Liberties and Properties; and are therefore determined, with the warmest Zeal, Affection and Loyalty, and at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to defend your Majesty's undoubted Right to the Crown of these Realms; and we beg leave to assure your Majesty that we will, with the highest Sense of Gratitude, make use of that Trust you have been pleased to repose in us, in the most effectual Manner, for your Majesty's Service, and the Security of your most Sacred Person and Goverment, against all Invasions whatsoever; nor can we doubt, but, by the Blessing of God, and your Majesty's consummate Wisdom and Magnanimity, the Designs of all your Enemies will be defeated, and their ambitious Schemes end in their own Confusion.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Commonalty of the Town and County of Poole.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses and Commonalty of the Town and County of Poole, understanding by your Majesty's most gracious Message to both Houses of Parliament, that Attempts are forming, by our inveterate and restless Enemies, in Favour of a Popish Pretender, do hereby declare our greatest Concern and Abhorrence of this Indignity intended against your Majesty and this Kingdom.

And we humbly beg your Majesty will be graciously pleased to accept the strongest Assurances of our most sincere and firm Attachment to your Sacred Person and Government, and our present happy Establishment in Church and State; And that our utmost Endeavours, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, shall be exerted to support and defend your Majesty and your undoubted Right and Title to the Crown of these Realms, and the Protestant Succession in your Royal House, in Opposition to, and in Defiance of, the Pretender and his Adherents, and all other your Majesty's Enemies whatsoever.

Given under our Hands, and the Common Seal of the said Town and County, this Twentieth Day of February, in the Seventeenth Year of your Majesty's happy Reign.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Burgesses and Commonalty of the City of Bristol, in Common Council assembled.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Burgesses and Commonalty

monalty of the City of Briſtol, in Common Council aſſembled, moſt humbly preſume to approach your Royal Preſence at this Time, when your Majeſty's Dominions are threaten'd with an Invaſion from France, in Favour of a Pretender to your Majeſty's Crown, educated in the Politicks of France, and in the Bigottry of Rome.

Every Principle of Duty, and every Motive of Intereſt or Affection, engages us, to regard an Attempt ſo injurious to your Majeſty, and, in its Tendency, ſo deſtructive to all that is dear to us, with the utmoſt Abhorrence and Indignation.

We therefore beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will on this and every other Occaſion, moſt chearfully exert our utmoſt Endeavours, even at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to ſupport your Majeſty's undoubted Title to the Crown, as becomes Subjects deeply ſenſible of the Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's Government; and perſuaded that the Liberties of Europe, the Honour and Independency of our native Country, our own moſt valuable Rights as Freemen and Proteſtants, and the Intereſt of lateſt Poſterity depend, under God, on the Stability of your Majeſty's Throne, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion moſt happily eſtabliſhed in your Royal Houſe.

St. James's, February 25.

This Day Dr. George, Vice-Chancellor of the Univerſity of Cambridge, and his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, High Steward of the Univerſity, attended by ſeveral Heads of Houſes, Doctors in the ſeveral Faculties, Maſters of Arts, and other Members of that learned Body, waited on his Majeſty in their Formalities; and being introduced by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſehold, Mr. Vice-Chancellor preſented the following Addreſs.

The humble Addreſs of the Chancellor, Maſters and Scholars of the Univerſity of Cambridge.

Feb. 20, 1743-4.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, Maſters, and Scholars of your Univerſity of Cambridge, beg Leave to expreſs our hearty Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the inſolent and perfidious Deſign to invade your Majeſty's Dominions, and impoſe on us a Popiſh and abjur'd Pretender.

As we are deeply ſenſible of the Happineſs we enjoy in the Security of our Religious and Civil Rights, under your Majeſty's auſpicious Government, we cannot but be greatly alarm'd at any Attempts to deprive us of ſo invaluable Bleſſings.

Theſe Bleſſings, Sir, we enjoy in common with our Fellow-Subjects; but as a Body of Men devoted to the Service of Religion and Learning, we are in a particular Manner intereſted in whatever may endanger them, as being ſure to fall with them, among the moſt early Sacrifices, to the Fury and Revenge of our Popiſh Adverſaries.

Neither they, nor we, have forgot the glorious Stand made by the Univerſities againſt Popery and arbitrary Power, which in a great Meaſure contributed to the late happy Revolution; and they well know, how inconſiſtent our Sentiments and Principles are with that dreadful and cruel Superſtition, which is both the Effect and the Cauſe of Ignorance.

If we wanted any other Motives, beſides thoſe of Duty and Intereſt, to engage our moſt zealous and ſteady Attachment to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, Gratitude would oblige us, who have been diſtinguiſhed by the Munificence of your Majeſty and your Royal Father, to diſtinguiſh ourſelves, as well by our utmoſt Endeavours as our moſt fervent Prayers, that the ſame good Cauſe, animated by the ſame Royal Spirit, and guarded by the ſame Divine Providence, which appear'd ſo remarkably in the late Day of Battle, may Triumph over all the Attempts of your Majeſty's and our Enemies to diſturb the Peace and interrupt the Proſperity of Great Britain.

To which his Majeſty was pleaſed to return this moſt gracious Anſwer.

I Thank you for this dutiful and affectionate Addreſs. The juſt Concern you expreſs for our excellent Conſtitution in Church and State, is very agreeable to me. The good Example and Influence of the Univerſity, will greatly tend to preſerve in my People a true Regard for my Government, and a juſt Zeal for our moſt Holy Religion.

They all had the Honour to kiſs his Majeſty's Hand.

St. James's, Feb. 25.

The following Addreſs was this Day preſented to the King, who was pleaſed to receive the ſame very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the Borough of Leiceſter, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the ancient Borough of Leiceſter, in Common Council aſſembled, being informed that a Deſcent was intended by the French upon theſe Kingdoms, with Deſign to ſet a Popiſh Pretender upon that Throne on which your Majeſty has ſo long ſat, and defend-

ed

ed all your Subjects in the quiet Enjoyment of their Religion and Civil Rights, beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our Abhorrence of ſuch an Attempt againſt your ſacred Perſon and Government.

As Proteſtants and as Engliſhmen we cannot but have a grateful Senſe of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty, which we could not hope for under a Popiſh Prince, introduced by a Popiſh Army; and whilſt we retain any Senſe of our Religion, and happy Conſtitution, we cannot think of exchanging them for Idolatry and Superſtition, for Tyranny and Arbitrary Power: Theſe Conſiderations will, we doubt not, always give Loyalty and Unanimity to your Majeſty's Subjects, which muſt ſtrangely damp any Attempts that may be made upon our happy Conſtitution: We therefore beg Leave to take this Opportunity, when ſome Perſons unknown have dared to ſpread treaſonable Papers in our Streets, of humbly and publickly aſſuring your Majeſty of our ſtrict and zealous Loyalty to your Sacred Perſon and Government, and to our happy Conſtitution in Church and State; and that we will uſe our utmoſt Endeavours to diſcover and bring to Juſtice the Authors of the ſaid Papers, and to render abortive any Attempts that ſhall be made upon theſe Kingdoms, and to preſerve the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Majeſty's moſt Illuſtrious Houſe, and to deliver down to Poſterity our Religion and Liberties, as we received them from our Anceſtors.

Given under our Common Seal this 22d Day of February 1743.

Turin, Feb. 8, N.S. By our Letters from the Romagna there ſeem to be ſome Hopes, and even a great Likelihood, that the Spaniſh Army under M. de Gages is on the Point of retiring nearer the Neapolitan Frontiers, and towards Perugia and Foligno, for Want of Subſiſtance, in which his Britannick Majeſty's Ships in the Adriatick have greatly ſtreightned them. Their Hoſpitals, heavy Baggage, and largeſt Cannon, were already in Motion with their worſt Troops and ſuch as they cannot truſt to; and their Walloon and Spaniſh Guards and old Regiments, are reſerved for their Rear Guard.

St. James's, February 24.

This Day M. Ringvicht, Miniſter from Sweden, had his firſt private Audience of his Majeſty, to deliver his Letters of Credence; to which he was introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Carteret, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, Feb. 25, 1743-4.

Whereas a Treaſonable Paper was, on the 21ſt Inſtant in the Morning, ſtuck on the Window Shutter of the Houſe of John Brown, near the North Gate of the Town of Leiceſter; His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons concerned in writing the ſaid Paper, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them, who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, ſhe, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof. HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

And as a farther Encouragement, the Mayor of Leiceſter does hereby promiſe a Reward of One Hundred Pounds to any Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid, to be paid upon the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

Samuel Belton, Mayor.

General Poſt-Office, London, Feb. 8, 1743.

Whereas the Poſt Boy, going out with the Weſt Mail from this Office, was this Morning, between Five and Six o'Clock, attacked on the Highway at the Staling Place on the other Side of Turnham Green, by a ſingle Highwayman, who took the ſaid Poſt Boy into a Field adjoining to the Road, and opened the Mail, and carried off the Exeter and Plymouth Bags: The Perſon, who committed this Robbery, is a luſty Man, and had on a Blue Great Coat, with his Hat tied over his Head; and he rode on a large, lean Bay Horſe, and made off for Acton the Oxford Road.

This therefore is to give Notice, that whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted the Perſon who committed this Robbery, will be intituled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen: Or if any Perſon or Perſons, whether Accomplice in the ſaid Robbery, or knowing thereof, ſhall make a Diſcovery whereby the Perſon, who committed the ſame, may be apprehended and brought to Juſtice, ſuch Diſcoverer or Diſcoverers will, upon Conviction of the Party, be intituled to the ſame Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, and alſo have his Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Poſt-Maſter General,
George Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

General-Poſt-Office, London, January 12, 1743.

Whereas the Poſt-Boy carrying the North Mail from Huntington to Stilton, was Yeſterday, the 11th Inſtant, about Six in the Evening, attacked on the Highway at a Place called Stangate Hole, by a ſingle Highwayman, who preſented a Piſtol to the Poſt-Boy's Breaſt, and carried off the following Bags, viz. Durham, Hull, Boſton, Falkingham, Lincoln, Horncaſtle, Louth, Spalding, Stamford, Bourn, *and* Peterborough.

The Perſon who committed this Robbery is a luſty Man, and had on a large dark Frock over his Coat, his Face was covered with Black, and he rode on a dark Sorrel Horſe with a White Face, and made off for the Biggleſwade Road.

This therefore is to give Notice, That whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted, the Perſon who committed this Robbery, will be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Perſon or Perſons, whether Accomplice in the ſaid Robbery, or knowing thereof, ſhall make a Diſcovery, whereby the Perſon who committed the ſame may be apprehended and brought to Juſtice, ſuch Diſcoverer or Diſcoverers will, upon Conviction of the Party, be intituled to the ſame Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, and alſo have his Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Poſt-Maſter-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, *Secretary.*

Whitehall,

Whitehall, Feb. 10, 1743.

Whereas it has been repreſented to his Majeſty, that a Letter, dated the 23d of January laſt, was ſent by Perſons unknown, directed to the Lady Drury at Pinkney Hall, near Fakenham in Norfolk, threatening to ſet her Houſe on Fire, and to kill her, unleſs ſhe ſhould put Eighty Pounds in a Place deſcribed in the ſaid Letter; His Majeſty, for the better Diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons concerned in the Writing or Sending of the abovementioned Letter, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, ſhe or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof. HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

And as a farther Encouragement for making ſuch Diſcovery, a Reward of Forty Pounds is hereby promiſed to be paid on Demand, by David and John Jones, Merchants at Fakenham in Norfolk, or by the Rev. Mr. John Wright, at Thetford in the ſaid County.
John Wright.

London, Feb. 16, 1743.

The Commiſſioners appointed by His Majeſty for diſtributing to the Sufferers by Spaniſh Depredations, the Moiety of the neat Produce of Effects taken from the King of Spain and his Subjects, do hereby give Notice, purſuant to Directions in the ſaid Commiſſion, That all Sufferers entituled to a Share in the Diſtribution of the ſaid Moiety, are required by the ſaid Commiſſion to enter their reſpective Claims, in Writing, on or before the Fourth Day of Auguſt next, and that they are to prove their Claims and Loſſes on or before the Fourth Day of May 1745, before the ſaid Commiſſioners; and that all who ſhall fail to make ſuch Entry and Proof within the ſaid reſpective Times, are by the Commiſſion excluded any Share in the ſaid Moiety.

East India Houſe, February 22, 1743.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt Indies do hereby give Notice, that the Transfer Books of the ſaid Company will be ſhut up on Tueſday the 13th of March next, at Two of the Clock: That a Quarterly General Court will be holden at their Houſe in Leadenhall-ſtreet on Wedneſday the 21ſt of the ſaid Month, at Eleven in the Forenoon: That the Liſts of the Members of the ſaid Company will be ready to be delivered at the ſaid Houſe on Friday the 23d of the ſaid Month: That a General Court will be holden at the ſaid Houſe on Wedneſday the 4th of April next, for the Election of 24 Directors for the Year enſuing, which will continue from Nine in the Morning till Six in the Afternoon of the ſame Day, after which Time no Liſts will be taken in: And that the Transfer Books of the ſaid Company will be opened on Thurſday the 5th of the ſaid Month of April.

Union Fire Office.

The Directors of the Union Society for Inſuring Goods and Merchandize from Loſs by Fire give Notice, That the half yearly Meeting of the ſaid Society will be held at their Office in Gutter Lane Cheapſide, on Wedneſday the 21ſt Day of March next, at Three in the Afternoon; where all who are inſured in the ſaid Office are deſired to be preſent.

The Court of Aſſiſtants of the Ruſſia Company give Notice, that the Annual General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at Salters Hall, in Swithin's Lane Cannon-ſtreet, on Thurſday the 1ſt Day of March next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, for the Election of a Governor, Conſuls, Aſſiſtants, and other Officers for the Year enſuing.

This is to give Notice to the Officers and Company of his Majeſty's Ships Ipſwich, Pembroke, Oxford and Salisbury, who were on Board at the Taking of the Union Prize on the 6th of March 1740-1. that they may receive their ſeveral Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prize's Cargoe, at the Victualling Office Coffee houſe on Tower Hill, on Tueſday and Wedneſday the 6th and 7th of March 1743 4; and the Shares of ſuch as are not then demanded, may be received at the ſame Place, on the firſt Tueſday of every Month, for three Years after.

Advertiſements.

This Day is Publiſhed,
(*Price 6 d. and to be continued Weekly*)
Number I. *of*,

A New General HISTORY of *ENGLAND*, From the Invaſion of Julius Cæſar to the Death of King George I. down to the Revolution,

By WILLIAM GUTHRIE, *Eſq*;

And from the Revolution, by another Hand.

This Work will be comprized, (as near as can be computed) in 500 Sheets in Folio, each Number containing Three full Sheets, covered with blue Paper. Adorned with the Heads of the Kings, and illuſtrated with Tables, Maps, and Medals.

Printed for the Authors; and ſold by T. Waller, at the Crown and Mitre oppoſite Fetter-lane in Fleet-ſtreet; where Subſcriptions are taken in, and by all the Bookſellers in Town and Country; where Propoſals may be had.

N. B. This Number contains Remarks upon the Government of the Ancient Britons; Cæſar's Views in invading Britain; the Particulars and ill Succeſs of his two Invaſions; interſperſed with Obſervations upon the Manner in which Cæſar has related his own Expedition, and the Miſtakes of Modern Hiſtorians upon that Subject.

THIS is to give Notice, That William Wright, of Bethnal Green, in the Pariſh of Stepney, in the County of Middleſex, Horſe-courſer, was, on Sunday the 12th Day of February Inſtant, about Twelve of the Clock at Noon, as he was travelling on Horſeback, attacked and robbed between the 46 and 47 Mile Stones, in the High Road leading from London to Huntingdon, between Coombe Grove and Stow Lane, in the Hundred of Long Stow in the County of Cambridge, of 31 Guineas in Gold, three Moidores in Gold, three Pieces of Portugal Gold, of the Value of 36 Shillings each, and one Green Silk Purſe, by two Highwaymen, both unknown to the ſaid William Wright, one of which was a thin tall Man about Six Feet high, having a black Cap on, with the Cape buttoned about his Face, riding on a Bay Horſe or Mare; and the other Man about Five Feet 10 Inches high, with his Hat flaped, and the Cape of his Great Coat buttoned about his Face, riding on a Brown Horſe or Mare: And this Notice is given, purſuant to the Statute in that Caſe made and provided.

Saturday the 18th Day of February, in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, and in the Year 1743, between Peter Veltgens, Plaintiff, Richmond Riggs, Peter Rouſett, John Treble, James Tanqueray, and others, Defendants.

Maſter of the Rolls.

FORASMUCH as this Court was this preſent Day informed by Mr. Carroll, being of the Plaintiff's Council, that the Plaintiff on the 10th Day of this Inſtant February filed his Bill in this Court againſt the Defendant Richmond Riggs, as by the Six Clerks Certificate appears, and took out Proceſs of Subpœna returnable the 13th of February Inſtant, requiring him to appear to and anſwer the ſame; but the ſaid Defendant hath not ſo done, that upon Inquiry at the Defendant's uſual Place of Abode, he is not to be found ſo as to be ſerved with ſuch Proceſs, but is gone out of the Realm, or doth otherwiſe abſcond to avoid being ſerved therewith, as by Affidavit alſo appears; and the ſaid Certificate and Affidavit being now read, this Court doth order, that the ſaid Defendant do appear to the Plaintiff's Bill on or before Wedneſday the 18th Day of April next.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Thomas Aſtbury, late of Blurton in the County of Stafford Gentleman, deceaſed, are forthwith to come before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancrey-lane, and prove their reſpective Debts, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

154

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of John Darbyſhire, late of Aſhton in Makerfield in the County of Lancaſter, deceaſed, are peremptorily to come before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery-lane, on or before the 17th of March next, and prove their reſpective Debts, otherwiſe they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Sir David Williams, late of Langoyd in the County of Brecon, Bart. deceaſed, are to come in and prove their ſeveral Debts before Thomas Bennett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, otherwiſe they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under the Commiſſion awarded againſt Richard Woolley, a Bankrupt, are deſired to meet at the Admiralty Coffee-houſe near Charing Croſs, on Tueſday next, at Twelve at Noon, in order to impower his Aſſignee to commence one or more Suits in Equity, and to ſubmit to Arbitration, or compound and agree certain Differences and Diſputes concerning the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery-Lane, The Eſtate late of Evan Seys, Eſq; deceaſed, lying in the ſeveral Pariſhes of St. John near Swanzey, the Pariſh of Swanzey, the Town of Swanzey and Llangevellach, a Moiety of a Colliery, and the Lordſhip of St. John near Swanzey, in the County of Glamorgan, of the yearly Value of 55 l. and upwards. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-Inn in Chancery-Lane, on Friday the 16th of March next, between Five and Seven in the Afternoon, The Manor of Yardley Hall, with a Capital Meſſuage called Broad-Oaks, and other Meſſuages, Lands, and Tenements, in the ſeveral Pariſhes of Debden, Thackſtead, and Wimbiſh, in the County of Eſſex, now upon Leaſe to ſeveral Tenants, at the yearly Rent of 230 l. being the Real Eſtate late of Wiſeman Clagett, Gentleman, deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be ſold, before Henry Montague, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the High Court of Chancery, purſuant to a Decree of the ſaid Court, A Meſſuage or Tenement ſituate on the Eaſt Side of Poland-ſtreet, in the Pariſh of St. James Weſtminſter, in the Poſſeſſion of Mrs. Strudwick, abutting Weſt on Poland-ſtreet, North on Premiſſes in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. Gately, Eaſt and South on Mr. Devins, of the yearly Rent of 25 l. late the Eſtate of Sir Benjamin Maddox, deceaſed, for the Term of Forty-nine Years, Eleven Months, and 20 Days, commencing at Chriſtmas 1748. And alſo for the Term of Forty-eight Years, Eleven Months, and Twenty Days, commencing at Chriſtmas 1798, at the yearly Ground Rent of Fifteen Shillings. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

WHereas it being inconvenient for the Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt againſt George Fuller, late of Thetford in the County of Suffolk, and Ceſar Currey, late of Brandon Ferry in the ſaid County, Copartners and Joint Merchants, to meet on the 6th of March next, purſuant to Notice in the Gazette of the 21ſt of January laſt; and the major Part of the Creditors of the ſaid Bankrupts being deſirous the Dividend ſhould be deferred, this is to give Notice, that the Day of Dividend will be on Friday the 20th of April next, at the Houſe of Mr. John Longe, at Watton in Norfolk; when and where the Creditors are deſired to meet for the Purpoſes in the former Advertiſement mentioned.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Walter Longhurſt, of Horſham in the County of Suſſex, Maltſter, Carrier and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 12th and 13th of March next, and on the 7th of April following, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the ſaid Days, at the Houſe of Henry Waller, Innholder, commonly called or known by the Name or Sign of the Blue Anchor Inn ſituate in Horſham aforeſaid, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. William White, Attorney at Horſham aforeſaid.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Dear, of Royſton in the County of Cambridge, Linnendraper and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 1ſt and 8th of March next, and on the 7th of April following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London; and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint; but give Notice to Mr. Roos, Attorney, in Knowle's Court in Carter-Lane, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Jonathan Gamon, late of the City of Cheſter, Woollen Draper, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 9th and 10th Days of March next, and on the 7th Day of April following, by Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the Houſe of Martha Roſe, known by the Sign of the Crown in Stourbridge in the County of Worceſter, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe an Aſſignee or Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Allen, late of Radwinter in the County of Eſſex, Butcher and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 14th of March next, at the Houſe of Thomas Porter, called the Black Bull in Great Sampford in the County of Eſſex, at Two in the Afternoon of the ſaid Day, and on the 19th of the ſame Month of March, and the 7th of April next, at the Houſe of William Flower, called the Roſe and Crown in Saffron Walden in the ſaid County of Eſſex, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid laſt mentioned Days, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Charles Wale, of Radwinter aforeſaid.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued foth againſt Mark Firmin, late of Sudbury in the County of Suffolk, Innholder, (in Purſuance of an Order to them directed out of the High Court of Chancery) intend to meet on the 15th of March next, at Eleven in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Mrs Ann Smyth, known by the Name or Sign of the Swan in Sudbury aforeſaid; when and where the Creditors, who have not alrady proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Michael Hughes, late of Yarmin the County of York, Merchant, intend to meet on the 28th Day of March next enſuing, at Eleven in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Mrs. Margaret Ellis, Innholder, at the Sign of the Anchor and Crown in Yarm aforeſaid, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt David Field and John Dring, late of Margret-ſtreet in the Pariſh of St. Mary le Bone in the County of Middleſex, Taylors, Chapmen and Copartners, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Dring hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 17th of March next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Standerwick, of Taunton in the County of Somerſet, Maltſter, have certified to

to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Standerwick hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts : This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 17th of March next.

THE under-mentioned Perſons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately paſſed for Relief of inſolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inſerted in this Paper, and are herein inſerted in Obedience to the ſaid Act.

The following Perſons being Priſoners for Debt in the King's Bench Priſon in Southwark, in the County of Surry, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Samuel Jordan, late of Overton in the County of Salop, Gentleman. William Lucas, late of Lambeth in the County of Surry, Upholder.

The following Perſons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred themſelves to the Keeper of his Majeſty's Priſon of the Fleet, London, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that ſhall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Wright, late of South Halſted in the County of Eſſex, Farmer. Richard Glover, late of the Pariſh of St Bridget, otherwiſe St. Bride, in the City of London, Dealer and Chapman.

The following Perſons being Fugitives for Debt and beyond the Seas on and before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred themſelves to the Keeper of the King's Bench Priſon in the County of Surry, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. James Drake, late of the Town of Stalbridge in the County of Dorſet, Carrier and Chapman. Thomas Rigsby, late of the Pariſh and Town of Cirenceſter, in the County of Glouceſter, Cordwainer. William Righton, jun. late of the Pariſh of Chipping Norton, in the County of Oxford, Butcher and Grazier. George Pockinhorn, late of the Pariſh of Golant, otherwiſe St. Sampſon, in the County of Cornwall, Carpenter. John Hele, late of the Pariſh of Staverton in the County of Devon, Husbandman. Richard Murth, late of the Pariſh of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middleſex, Gentleman. Jeremiah Sharlock, late of Hendon in the County of Wilts, Cordwainer. Peter Richards, late of Mill-ſtreet, in the Pariſh of St. Mary Magdalen Burmondſey, in the County of Surry, Mariner, Thomas Andrews, late of the Pariſh of Stredley, in the County of Berks, Blackſmith. John Callard, late of St. Paul's Deptford, in the County of Kent, Mariner. Peter Dighton, late of the Pariſh of Havarge, in the Counry of Kent, Fiſherman.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January, 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of his Majeſty's Goal at Rocheſter, in and for the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held at Maidſtone in and for the ſaid County of Kent, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall firſt happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Hopper, late of Sheburn in the County of Kent, Carpenter and Joyner.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the Firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of St. Dunſtan's Gate near Canterbury, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the ſaid Gate, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Brown, late of Queen Street in the County of Kent, Joyner.

The following Perſons being Priſoners for Debt in his Majeſty's Priſon of the Fleet, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held at the Guildhall of the City of London, in and for the ſaid City, or at the Adjournment thereof, that ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from she Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Jenkins, late of Piccadilly, in the Pariſh of St. James, in the County of Middleſex, Glaſs Grinder. Archibald Scott, late of King-ſtreet Golden Square, in the Liberty of Weſtminſter, Surgeon. Edward Finemore, late of the Hermitage in the County of Stafford, Gentleman.

N. B. If any Perſon in the foregoing Liſt of Priſoners ſhall find, on the Peruſal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, ſuch Error ſhall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

Printed by *Edward Owen* in *Amen-Corner*, 1743.